

ST MICHAEL'S CATHOLIC COLLEGE RISK ASSESSMENT POLICY 2024-25

Risk assessment is a legal requirement and the fundamental tool in assessing and improving health and safety performance. Risk assessment enables the college to identify and assess potential health and safety risks in the college and ensure control measures are implemented to reduce risks as low as reasonably practicable.

As set out in the government guidance on <u>Health and safety: responsibilities and duties for schools</u>, the risk assessments that the college conduct are to ensure the safety of all:

- Staff
- Students
- Visitors
- Contractors

It is the responsibility of the Senior leader with responsibility for Health & Safety and for the Director of finance and college operations to ensure that risk assessments are in place for the relevant area/department. They can complete the assessments themselves, or instruct other staff to undertake them. The School will follow the Health and Safety Executive's 5 stage approach to Risk Assessments:

- Step 1 Identify the hazards.
- Step 2 Identify who might be harmed and degree of severity.
- Step 3 Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions.
- Step 4 Record and implement findings.
- Step 5 Review assessment and update if necessary.

https://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/indg163.pdf

Copies of risk assessments should be in date and signed by the Assessor and the responsible person undertaking the tasks. These should be held in the area of work, and be available for inspection by the Senior leader with responsibility for Health & Safety and/or by the Director of finance and college operations at any point. They will also be internally audited by the Senior leader with responsibility for Health & Safety and/or by the Director of finance and college operations.

Risk assessments should be reviewed and revised:

Annually.

- When there is reason to suspect the assessment is no longer valid. This may become apparent through accidents and near misses, safety complaints, ill-health trends, or the employer may become aware that a relevant piece of legislation has fallen out of date.
- When there has been a significant change in the matters to which the assessment relates, such as the introduction of new work equipment, changes in management personnel.

All significant findings should be recorded and brought to the attention of relevant personnel, with signatures provided as evidence that the information has been read and received by those undertaking the tasks. The School's Risk Assessment template at Appendix A gives further guidance.

Specific Risk Assessments, which the School must have in place under current regulations are:

- Fire Risk
- Young workers (under 18) employed by the School/work experience
- New and expectant mothers
- Control of Substances Hazardous to Health
- Manual handling
- Work at height
- First Aid
- Children being drawn into terrorism

All the above have specific templates that will assist in the completion of the task; these are available from, and should be completed with, the Health, Safety and Compliance Manager.

2. Other Types of Risk Assessment

Generic Risk Assessments are acceptable where activities/processes/operations are consistent across the workplace. However, these must be adapted, as appropriate, to consider particular individuals and specific issues relating to the environment at St Michael's or the area where the activity is taking place. They should also be signed and dated to confirm that all staff have been made aware of the contents.

Specific Assessments may be produced using the risk assessment template, but are in place for one dedicated task or event. Other assessments may be referenced in the specific assessment and will have very prescriptive controls for the individual or task, for example a one-off trip, and return to work assessment.

Dynamic Risk Assessments are constant, on the spot assessments of the situation/task that are not written down. These should not be relied on completely for a task, as there is no written evidence of the control measures in place. Dynamic risk assessments alone will not be accepted by the HSE in any accident investigation. However, they can be noted in a full Risk Assessment as an ongoing assessment of the risk.

As part of the measures for the control of contractors on site risk assessments and where applicable method statements must be obtained and in place before the contracted task is undertaken. It is the responsibility of the Health and Safety Manager.

3. Guidelines for Written Risk Assessment

DEFINITIONS

HAZARD – Something with the potential to cause harm

RISK – The likelihood of harm being realised and its severity

- Identify and record an activity, process or operation using Appendix A, where there is potential for injury or damage.
- Consider whether it is essential for the activity to continue, given that without the hazard there is no risk.
- Identify the hazards within the activity, e.g. using machinery, confined spaces, working at height, electricity, manual handling, lone working etc.
- Determine the risks involved and what type of incident is anticipated, e.g. contact with moving/sharp equipment, asphyxiation, falls, electrocution, back injury, violence/abuse. Consider who and how many people will be affected, e.g. employees, visitors, students, contractors.
- Estimate the risk level without the benefit of any control measures using the matrix at Appendix B.
- High and medium risk levels will require control measures to reduce the risk level to
 as low as is reasonably practicable. This could be achieved by guarding, safety
 procedures/working practices, training, mechanical assistance, contracting out etc.
 Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should only be considered as the last resort if
 alternative control measures cannot achieve a lower risk level.
- Reassess (quantify) the risk level with existing control measures in place to ensure that the risk is reduced if it is not then further controls will be needed, see below.
- Some additional control measures may be required to reduce the risk level further.
- Share and discuss with all persons involved in the activity/process/operation and obtain signatures to confirm their understanding and involvement.

The completed assessments should be signed and dated by the Assessor.

All assessments should be reviewed annually or when there is any significant change, whichever is sooner.

Appendix A - RISK ASSESSMENT TEMPLATE

Company/loca	tion: St Michael's Catholic College							
Work activity and person(s) involved:								
Assessor:		Date:						
Existing safety measures:								
Hazard	Nature of hazards identified	Frequency	Severity (b)	Risk rating				
		Potential (a)		(a) x (b)				
Risk rating:	Low: 1 - 7 Medium: 8 - 10	High: 11 - 25						
Hazard	Risk controlled by:							
Reference documents:								
Signed		Reassessment date:						

Appendix B

		Likelihood				
		1. Very Unlikely One off event – no known history	2. Unlikely Unlikely sequence of events	3. Likely Foreseeable under unusual circumstances	4. Very Likely Easily foreseeable – Odd event may have occurred	5. Almost Certain Common occurrence – aware of incidents
S e v e r i t y	1.Negligable No visible injury.	1. LOW	2. LOW	3. LOW	4. LOW	5. LOW
	2.Minor Injury Minor cuts bruises — no long-term effects.	6. LOW	7. LOW	6. LOW	8. MEDIUM	10. MEDIUM
	3.Moderate Heavy bruising, deep wound.	8. LOW	9. LOW	9. MEDIUM	12. HIGH	15. HIGH
	4.Severe Major injuries, time lost from college.	10. LOW	11. MEDIUM	12. HIGH	16. HIGH	20. HIGH
	5. Very Severe Long term disability or death	12. LOW	13. MEDIUM	15. HIGH	20. HIGH	25. HIGH

References:

https://www.hse.gov.uk/pubns/indg163.pdf

https://www.hse.gov.uk/simple-health-safety/risk/index.htm

https://schoolleaders.thekeysupport.com/administration-and-management/risk/risk-assessment-guidance/risk-assessments-checklist-and-guidance/

 $\underline{https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/health-and-safety-advice-for-schools/responsibilities-and-duties-for-schools}$

July 2024	
Signed:	Date:
Chair of the Welfare Commi	ttee
Paviaw Data: July 2025	